

# THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XXII

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1915.

NO. 36

## PROCEEDINGS OF THE CITY BOARD OF TRUSTEES

The city board of trustees met in the city hall last Monday evening in regular session.

The application of G. Bertuccelli for permission to transfer his liquor license from his regular place of business to Tanforan Hotel on September 5th and 6th, was rejected.

The Electric Shop was awarded the contract to install electric fixtures in the city library for \$265.

Prices for installing furniture at the city library were presented, but no action was taken.

The South San Francisco Railroad and Power Company was awarded a franchise granting the right to construct, maintain and operate a single or double track standard gauge railroad over and along Grand avenue, commencing at the easterly line of Chestnut avenue and continuing thence along Grand avenue westerly to the northeasterly line of Mission road.

An ordinance granting the franchise was read for the first time and laid over until a later meeting for adoption.

Resolution of Intention No. 19 to improve Cypress avenue, between Linden and Lux avenues, by regading, laying asphaltic concrete pavement and constructing concrete gutters, was adopted.

Resolution of Intention No. 20, to do the same character of work on Lux avenue, between Maple avenue and San Bruno road, was also adopted.

Claims against the city were approved and ordered paid.

A. Hynding of the Hynding Estate appeared before the board and complained that unknown persons had broken windows in a building at the corner of Cypress and Miller avenues belonging to the estate, and asked that the board offer a reward for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any one breaking windows in the city.

A resolution offering a reward of \$10 was adopted.

At Mr. Hynding's suggestion, Clerk Smith was directed to send a copy of the resolution to Principal Britton to be read to the pupils of the local schools.

The board adjourned to 1 p. m. today.

The doors open for the firemen's show at 8 p. m. Tuesday, September 21st. If you can't get your girl to go, take your sister, and oh, say, tell ma to come.

A few improved lots on Grand avenue for sale at a bargain. South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company. See John F. Mager, Sales Agent.

## ASK

for one of our Pocket Savings Containers. They are FREE. They are new and unique and we would like to have you try one.

Bank of South San Francisco

COMMERCIAL

SAVINGS

## LOCAL HAPPENINGS TOLD IN BRIEF

Mrs. C. L. Berry and children have moved to Los Angeles.

James H. Taylor has accepted the position of locomotive engineer at the steel works.

Mrs. D. G. and Miss Grace Martin had an enjoyable trip to Stockton a few days ago.

M. J. Hawes' health is improving rapidly. He will soon be able to attend to his business.

Dr. Allan R. Powers and family have moved into one of the Hickey bungalows on upper Grand avenue.

Bob Bergeron, motorman on the local car line, has returned from his vacation, which he spent at Alvarado.

F. C. Wyckoff, proprietor of the Burlingame Undertaking Company, was a visitor to this city last Wednesday.

Born—In this city, September 1, 1915, to the wife of George E. Britton, a boy. George is the happiest man in town. Congratulations.

Charles L. Genasci of the Bank of South San Francisco leaves to-day for a two weeks' visit to his parents in Sacramento county.

Misses Adele and Lela Bliss of Los Angeles are visiting D. O. Daggett (grandfather) and Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Walker (aunt) for a few weeks.

A contract was awarded to Jones & Brunner this week to construct a five-room bungalow for J. H. Davidson on Miller avenue near Linden.

The following marriage license was issued at Redwood City this week: Tony Lewis, aged 22, Oakland, and Rose Monize, aged 20, South San Francisco.

There will be a demonstration of the merits of the Seagrave auto fire engine at Grand and Linden avenues in this city on Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

Seventeen members of the local lodge of Moose paid San Mateo lodge a fraternal visit on Thursday evening. During the evening the visitors were entertained and banqueted.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kunkle of Johnstown, Pennsylvania, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Devine and children in this city. Mrs. Devine is their daughter, and they expect to remain here about two months.

The student body of the South San Francisco high school has recently purchased a new duo-tonal piano, and the students are enjoying its notes. The pupils raised the money by giving plays and entertainments.

Messrs. N. A. Becker, H. H. Cloyes and Jack Lodge, with their wives, made an enjoyable trip to Marine View on the coastside last Sunday, where they were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Morton for the day.

W. J. Platten of Green Bay, Wisconsin, was in this city yesterday visiting his uncle, C. T. Connelly. Mr. Platten highly praised the exposition, which he had visited. He returns to his home in a few days, after a very enjoyable trip to the Pacific coast.

The dredging out of the new channel at the water front is progressing rapidly. The dredging started at deep water and is now over 1000 feet nearer the Fuller plant than it was a week ago. The work of constructing a new railroad from the ferry slip to the steel plant will soon start.

Mrs. E. L. Griffin of Fall River, Mass., Marsden P. Earle and Mr. and Mrs. S. Stevens of Tillson, N. Y., have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Snyder. Marsden Earle has lived in Los Angeles until recently, and is now on his way east, where he will complete his education in a course of law.

The ladies' bazaar that has been going on in Metropolitan Hall during the past few evenings was a splendid success. Quite a sum of money was raised for the building fund of All Souls' Church. At the close of each evening dancing prevailed. The members of the Ladies' Sodality deserve much praise for their energetic efforts in their successful management of the bazaar.

## MORE EXTENSIVE IMPROVEMENTS GOING ON AT STEEL PLANT

A visit to the steel plant of the Pacific Coast Steel Company in this city the other day revealed the fact that extensive additional improvements are being made at that busy hive of industry.

The work of installing a new 9-inch high-speed five-stand modern steel mill has started. The mill when completed in about six weeks will produce about seventy tons of small product in each twenty-four hours. Seventy-five or eighty additional skilled mechanics will be employed. The space required for the new mill is 59x220 feet.

The present 11 and 22 inch mills are now running on double shifts.

The 11-inch mill is being improved by being split and a new motor installed. It is expected the improvement of this mill will be completed next Tuesday. The product will be turned out quicker.

The 22-inch mill turns out 100 tons in ten-hour double shifts.

The plant consumes a great amount of water. There are at present two deep wells. Water is forced to a 50,000-gallon capacity reservoir on a high hill to the east, from which water is piped when needed.

Superintendent N. A. Becker is a very busy and active man, and under his management, ably assisted by Jack Lodge, foreman, the mills are producing successful results.

The corps of skilled steel workers are aided materially by the cool temperature that prevails in this city all the year. The plant has never closed down on account of climatic conditions since it started.

A modern pattern shop, where many men are employed, has been added to the plant. Formerly patterns had to be made in San Francisco.

This institution has a large payroll of men at good wages and is a substantial benefit to our industrial city.

## DAVE MARTIN IS MAKING GOOD.

D. G. Martin, who has been chief accountant at the local office of the Pacific Gas and Electric Company since last April, has been transferred to the office at Stockton and will leave next week for that city. Mr. Martin is one of the most competent men in the employ of the company and has had much to do with the systematizing of the work of the different district offices of the state. His place here will be taken by George W. Griffith, at present in the San Francisco auditor's office.—Redwood City Democrat.

Mr. (Dave) Martin is the oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Martin of this city. He was educated in the local schools, St. Matthew's School at Burlingame and the Stanford University. He is a bright young man and an expert accountant and is to be congratulated on his progress.

B. Hayward, father of County Assessor Clarence D. Hayward, was operated on last week at the Red Cross hospital in San Mateo. Mr. Hayward is now doing nicely and expects to be able to leave the hospital shortly.

Wanted to Rent—Three to five rooms, furnished for housekeeping, with bath, by September 1st. Inquire at this office. Advt.

## Do You Want a Home?

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company will build you a house on any lot in South San Francisco, on very easy terms. Select your lot, choose your design and apply at the Company's office, 306 Linden avenue, for full particulars.

## BASEBALL

### South City Merchants Win Another Game.

The South City Merchants took an easy game Sunday when they traveled to San Mateo and beat the Iaquia team by the score of 18 to 1.

It was the Merchants' game from the start, and not once during the nine innings was Guenley in trouble.

Belloni put the ball over the fence in the fourth inning with two on.

San Mateo's only tally came in the last inning. Manager Kent told the boys to take things easy, and Cordano took his advice and let in the only run.

Gladys Ryan, Edith Bortoli, Florence and Alma Bonetti and Jennie Pickford accompanied the team.

To-morrow the boys will travel to Fruitvale to cross bats with the Hawthorne Club. All fans are invited to come and root for South City.

SOUTH CITY MERCHANTS.										
	AB.	R.	BH.	PO.	A.	E.				
Russo, T. 1b.....	6	4	4	11	2	0				
Merritt, c.....	6	2	2	6	0	0				
Cordano, ss.....	6	2	4	3	4	2				
Maderes, A. 2b.....	4	2	3	3	4	0				
Russo, B. 3b.....	5	1	3	2	3	0				
Guenley, p.....	5	1	2	0	2	0				
Fourcans, rf.....	5	0	3	2	0	0				
Hyland, lf.....	2	2	0	0	1	0				
Belloni, if.....	5	4	4	0	0	0				
Totals.....	45	18	25	29	16	2				

SAN MATEO-IAQUA.										
	AB.	R.	BH.	PO.	A.	E.				
Zehender, cf.....	4	0	1	0	1	1				
Robinson, yb.....	3	0	0	6	0	0				
Schillig, p. & 3b.....	3	0	0	2	2	1				
Fisher, c.....	4	1	2	9	2	2				
Seavey, B. lf.....	4	0	2	0	0	1				
Elsworth, 3b.....	3	0	0	4	0	0				
Seavey, E. rf.....	3	0	0	0	0	0				
Haines, ss.....	3	0	1	2	3	1				
Gaunt, 2b.....	3	0	0	4	4	0				
Totals.....	30	1	6	27	12	6				

SUMMARY.  
Home run—Belloni. Two-base hits—Belloni, Cordano (2), Fourcans, Russo. Struck out—By Guenley, 6; by Schillig, 5; by Elsworth, 3. Bases on called balls—Off Guenley, 3; off Schillig, 5. Stolen base—Hyland. Double plays—Cordano, Maderes, Russo (3), B. Russo to Maderes to T. Russo. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Russell and Fischer.

## LETTER LIST.

List of letters remaining unclaimed at the postoffice in South San Francisco, August 31, 1915

Domestic—Bell, Mrs. Frances; Callagan, Irma; Cameron, John; Cui-fani, Francesco; Caviglia, Antonio; Cicchetti, Emilio; Flosi, A.; Gompers, Ernest; Hammond, L. A.; Perasso, Peter; Saori, Oscar.

Foreign—Fraccia, Calmillo; Filippi, Mario; Petrini, G.

E. E. Cunningham, Postmaster.

Foreman McKenzie was seen buying some new kicks. Well, it takes shoe leather to train the boys so they will be able to step it on Tuesday evening, the 21st.

Don't forget Tuesday evening, September 21st, at 8 o'clock.

## FATHER COOPER BURIED THURSDAY

Rev. Father James A. Cooper, pastor of St. Michael's Church, San Francisco, died at his home in Ocean View last Tuesday morning, aged 58 years.

The announcement of his death in this city, which was his former parish for many years, was received with much sorrow by his former parishioners and friends.

His death came after a critical illness of several weeks.

Father Cooper was born in County Kildare, Ireland, fifty-eight years ago. He was ordained a priest in 1881, after which he came to America. He was assigned a post in San Mateo. For sixteen years he was assistant pastor at St. Matthew's Church in San Mateo, and in this capacity he formed a close relationship with many of San Mateo's pioneer families.

He then went to Ocean View, where he took charge of St. Michael's parish, which formerly included Colma, Daly City, Lomita Park, San Bruno and South San Francisco. It became so large under his leadership that it was necessary to divide it. Father Cooper's annual picnics at Tanforan were popular and largely attended every year. While on his deathbed he arranged the details of this year's outing, which has been indefinitely postponed since his death.

Father Cooper is survived by a brother, Michael Cooper, of San Francisco.

The funeral of the father was held last Thursday morning at 10 o'clock from St. Michael's Church, Ocean View, where a requiem high mass was celebrated for the repose of his soul. Interment was made at Holy Cross Cemetery. Many former parishioners and friends in this city were present.

## LOCAL REALTY TRANSFERS.

George Cooney to Delia Harrington—Lot 26, block 116, South San Francisco Plat No. 1.

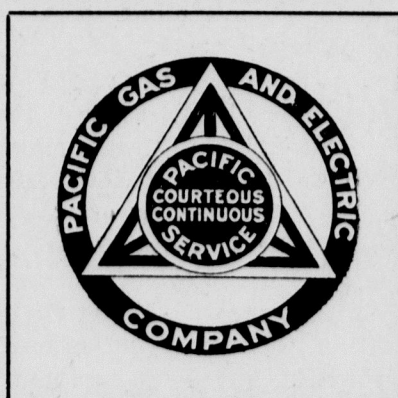
Edward P. Kauffmann to Louise Boehringer—Lot 4, block 102, South San Francisco, No. 1.

Lena M. Hofers to Lillian M. Cavassa—Lot 20, block 117, South San Francisco, No. 1.

Lillian M. Cavassa and husband to Lena M. Hofers—Lots 19-20, block 117, South San Francisco.

South City Lot Company to Anton and Minnie Hendel—Lots 29 and 30, block C, Peck's subdivision No. 1, South San Francisco.

E. Jenkins does all kinds of painting, paper hanging and tinting; prices reasonable. Phone 135-W. Lux and Spruce avenues, South San Francisco, Cal.



ASSURED SAFETY

PAYABLE QUARTERLY

7.06 Per Cent

Annual Interest Return on Investment in the

FIRST PREFERRED STOCK

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

One of the Largest Public Utilities in the United States

A few attractive features of this unusually sound investment are: The principal franchises of the company are perpetual. It gives service to 177 cities and towns and 400,000 consumers.

This issue has been approved by the California Railroad Commission. It is not subject to taxation for any purpose.

Is exempt from taxation in California, and not subject to the normal Federal income tax.

The net revenue is steadily increasing, being at present FIVE TIMES the dividend requirements.

Full reports, application blanks, etc.

Pacific Gas and Electric Company

REDWOOD DISTRICT

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO







# DO YOU KNOW

## That a World's Business of Rapidly Increasing Magnitude Is Centering Around San Francisco?

**D**O YOU KNOW that the captains of finance and industry everywhere predict for San Francisco and her environments from now on a quick development and of colossal proportions, both industrially and commercially?

Do you know that South San Francisco is the best-located and best-proven industrial city to-day within this center of great promise?

Do you know that now is the best time for making an investment in South San Francisco property?

Values will never be less and the possibilities of big increase are everywhere within her borders.

Buy and build at once, for the demand for buildings by good tenants is away beyond the supply.

**Inquire at the Office of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company for Information**

**Office Open Sundays, Bank Building**

**NEXT TIME  
YOU BAKE---**

**USE**

**CALIFENE**

It will make your friends wonder how you get that nice, rich, savory crust they somehow cannot bake. Be generous. Give them the secret. Tell them about Califene, the new shortening that makes every baking day cheerful. Be sure they remember the name Califene, made in South San Francisco and sold everywhere in California.

**ASK YOUR DEALER**

Manufactured from the purest vegetable oil and selected beef fat in a modern and sanitary plant under the watchful eyes of U. S. Government Inspectors.

**Western Meat Company**



Phone 115W      South San Francisco, Cal.



## FRATERNAL ORDERS

(By Harry Edwards.)

There are few better places for an ambitious young man to demonstrate his real worth than on the floor of a lodge room. It is here he meets on an equality the business men of the community in which he dwells. These sometimes consist of the lawyer, the doctor, the preacher, in fact, men representing every trade and profession. These men are met for but one common purpose—uplifting their fellow-men, and that young man who does not hasten to place himself in a position where their influence may reach him is indeed passing up a rare opportunity. This does not imply that the young man should enter a fraternity for what he can get out of it. But, on the other hand, experience has proven that he who gets much from a fraternity puts much into it. Again, the young man who joins an order out of curiosity is sure to reap disappointment, for after the first impressions have worn off he fails to grasp its true import, and the lessons which might have helped him fall short of their mark. On the other hand, the young man whose purpose is sincere and whose desire is to help and is helped, will find many splendid opportunities to accomplish his end. Blot out, as far as possible, the disagreeable things of life. They will come, but will grow bigger when you recall them. Forget the faults of your friends and only remember the good points that make you fond of them. Start out with a clean sheet to-day and write upon it, for sweet memory's sake, "I will be true to the pledges taken at the altar of fraternities I have joined, and only for those things which are lovable, noble and true."

I. O. F.

(By George W. Hagedorn.)

Court Violet, No. 1543, Independent Order of Foresters, held its regular meeting last Tuesday evening.

The Companions of the refreshment committee have decided to serve light refreshments at the benefit ball to be given on Saturday evening, September 11th. A large crowd of Foresters and wives from San Francisco will attend and the Peninsula will be well represented. Requests from different parts for tickets have been received and a splendid program has been arranged, so that no one will be disappointed and an enjoyable time will be had.

High Secretary E. N. Cameron, our worthy copartner, has offered two beautiful prizes, a full-jeweled gold watch and a beautiful gold stickpin, with the emblem surrounded with pearls, to be given away in the new membership campaign that has been started. The members are getting in shape to make this a record-breaking fight, worthy of the good name Court Violet has established in this jurisdiction which is for the best cause of humanity, the Independent Order of Foresters.

Miss E. L. May, Jean Phillips and John M. Fagundes gave a few selections that were highly appreciated by the court and its friends, and have a new program for Tuesday evening.

South San Francisco is well provided for in the line of fraternal organizations. This indicates only one thing, and that is that the people of this community recognize that in unity there is strength, protection for their loved ones against sickness and death.

Comfort or privation for those who are left behind, the little family who had looked with confidence and a feeling of security to the breadwinner—the head of the household.

Sooner or later it will come—the day of parting. Have you prepared for that time?

In your case, do it now—do not put it off longer. You cannot afford to have your family take the risk.

The Independent Order of Foresters provides for total disability and permanent disability benefits; orphanage, over 800 children being cared for; its two splendid sanatoriums; hospital and surgical treatment; insurance from \$500 to \$5000; its splendid charity work. It is non-political and non-sectarian; is financially sound and 100 per cent solvent. Our duty is to be useful, not according to our

desires, but according to our powers. Charity is generous. It runs a risk willingly, and in spite of a hundred experiences it thinks no evil at the hundred and first.

### SUPERVISORS WILL HELP CONTRACTORS GET ROCK

An informal meeting of the board of supervisors was held Tuesday morning, which was attended by a delegation of property owners from Woodside and Portola and also a number of contractors now engaged in constructing the county highways.

The meeting was called for the purpose of discussing the question of the delay in completing the highways caused by the inability of the contractors to procure rock from the Stanford quarry and also from Stone & Co. The supervisors and Surveyor Neuman assured the property owners that they were doing everything they could to aid the contractors in securing the necessary rock, and Mr. Stone, who was present, declared that he was ready to deliver the rock to the contractors as soon as cars could be provided for transportation.

After further discussion it was agreed that Surveyor Neuman, Chairman Francis, Contractor Willison and Mr. Stone should meet that afternoon at the office of the traffic manager of the Ocean Shore railroad and formulate plans for a quick delivery of materials for the coastside roads.

The "missing link" in the state highway between Beresford and Belmont also came up for discussion. Supervisor Brown reported that he had interviewed Division Engineer Loder a week ago, who told him that there would be some action in the matter within ten days.

### JAMES T. CASEY, THE ROAD BUILDER, VISITS THIS CITY

Supervisor James T. Casey of Colma was a visitor to this city yesterday. Through his activity in the matter of obtaining a decision from the state railroad commission granting a surface crossing at Mission road and the Southern Pacific railroad in front of Holy Cross Cemetery, he was addressed the other day by one of the commissioners as "Mr. Casey, the mayor of Colma." He replied by saying, "I'm only a supervisor and road builder." Mr. Casey has demonstrated the fact that he is one of the best road builders San Mateo county has ever had. Mr. Casey says the work of connecting Mission road with the bay shore highway in Visitation valley by way of Geneva avenue in San Francisco and Wallbridge street, this county, is progressing rapidly.

### SUPERIOR COURT NOTES.

The Bank of South San Francisco has brought an action in the superior court against W. W. Gillespie and others to recover the sum of \$400 on a promissory note executed on October 1, 1914, at Redwood City. Plaintiff also asks for cost of suit and attorney fees in the sum of \$40. J. W. Coleberd is the attorney for the bank.

### A Versatile Man.

"I couldn't get along without my doctor."  
"No."  
"When I'm sick he tells me a funny story and I get well."  
"Does he make out his bill 'to professional service' or 'entertainment?'"

### HORSE AND WOMAN PUZZLE WISEACRES

Equine Marvel Thinks and Reasons Like a Human and Wonderful Little Woman Reads What All Humans Are Thinking.

A great, big, beautiful horse who will do your sums in arithmetic for you, tell you the color of your Sunday raiment, joke with you across the footlights, and a lovely little lady who will tell you exactly what you have on your mind, and how much there is of it, even before you have had time to think about it yourself, constitute one of the real sensations on the zone of the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

The horse is "Captain, the Horse With a Human Brain," if you will accept the "spieler's" description, and for once the word of the spieler may be taken at its face value, for Captain has a human brain, a whole lot bigger and a whole lot cleaner brain than a whole lot of human riffraff one will meet in a day's travel.

The little lady is Madam Ellis, and she is as remarkable in the human kingdom as the wonderful old Captain is in the animal. Madam Ellis is a true telepathist. She is one of the very few occidentals who have solved fully the common secret of the Hindus. During the Sepoy rebellion the Hindu hordes used their power of thought transference, or propulsion, to keep their brethren in widely divided districts advised instantly of all the moves of the British. Telepathy is the common knowledge of the philosophical Hindu, but not a dozen occidentals have ever attained to it.

Madam Ellis is one of the few, and she has even the wise old showmen on the zone guessing and shaking their heads, for it's the one queer and unusual thing on all the zone which they cannot explain. Just to make it more comfortable for them, Madam Ellis will frequently see one of them down in her audience and, with the rapidity of a gatling gun, read in their minds just what their day's receipts have been, and announce it right there in front of every one.

There have been lots and lots of educated horses, but Captain is the only one who will do arithmetical problems fired at him from the audience. Ask him what the color of your dress or hat is, and he will go to a rack upon which hang cloths of various colors and select from it the one most nearly approaching the color you are wearing.

A whole lot of very learned people have looked them both over and tried to account for their faculties in some other way than that claimed for them, but in the end they have admitted the claims.

## Soapy Soap That Cleanses All



**SOAP is soap. That is a truism known to every person. But there is soap AND SOAP. We have the kinds that clean without injuring the skin or the fabrics on which they may be used. No alkalis. Cleaning fluids and brushes. You will find our prices satisfactory.**

### J. CARMODY

**Fancy Groceries and General Merchandise**

PAINTS AND OILS

315-317 Linden Avenue, South San Francisco



### ON THE ONE HAND

you may have your house burned over your head, but on the other you should have a fire insurance policy, to entirely wipe out such a frightful loss. Now an insurance policy only calls for a premium of a few dollars for every thousand valuation at intervals of three or five years. Dispose of your anxiety about your real estate and do it now.

### E. E. CUNNINGHAM & CO.

Real Estate and Fire Insurance

Postoffice Building

South San Francisco

## ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES

Wiring and Repairing

Lamps and Lighting Fixtures a specialty. All 10, 15, 25 and 40 watt Edison Mazda Lamps now 27c each. All other sizes reduced.

GAS MANTLES AND SHADES ALSO CARRIED

### THE ELECTRIC SHOP

307 Grand Avenue

South San Francisco

P. O. BOX 371. PHONE 188-W

### ROYAL THEATRE

HIGH-CLASS

Photoplays and Vaudeville

Show commences at 7 p. m. nightly. Matinee Sunday at 2 p. m. Don't miss the professional tryouts every Wednesday. The great detective serial, "Exploits of Elaine," every Friday. Broadway feature picture every Sunday.

### San Mateo County BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION

Assets - - \$360,104.32

Loans made on the Monthly Definite Contract Plans, paying in from 5 to 12 years as may be desired, with privilege of partial or total repayment before maturity. No premiums or unnecessary expense. H. W. SCHABERG, Secretary, Redwood City, Cal.

### BURLINGAME UNDERTAKING CO.

F. C. WYCKOFF, Prop.

1297 Burlingame Avenue, Burlingame, Cal.

Day or night Telephone 1251. Lady attendant. Automobile equipment.

For Sale—Good old papers, 15 cents per hundred. Apply this office. Advt.

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

### UNDERTAKING CO.

530 Grand Avenue

Neil Doyle and Wellar A. Stead

(Deputy Coroner)

LOCAL UNDERTAKERS

Phone—South San Francisco 219

### Expert Hair Cutting, Hot Baths, Razors Honed

—AT—METROPOLITAN BARBER SHOP

### GEO. W. SCHNEIDER & CO.

Funeral Directors and Embalmers

(Deputy Coroner)

Parlors 15 Ellsworth Ave., San Mateo, Cal. Telephone 797.

### CIGAR STAND

MANUEL MONIZE, Prop.

First-class brands of CIGARS and TOBACCOS always on hand. 222½ Grand avenue.

## USE OUR PLASTERS

**KNOCK out that pain at once. It is unnecessary for you to suffer. In our supply of mustard and porous plasters, etc., you will find speedy means of soothing the troublesome spot. We carry a complete line of drugs, including patent medicines. Candies, fresh and toothsome; cigars and tobacco of the reliable brands. Our toilet and bath articles will please you. Soaps, flesh, nail, hair brushes and manicure sets.**



### ARTICLES DELIVERED FOR CUSTOMERS PENINSULA DRUG CO.

Drugs and Stationery

South San Francisco



## A Young Hero

"Get out, you thieving young rascal, or I'll break every bone in your body!" were the words which greeted my ears from the hallway of an adjoining building, as I stood on the threshold of my own office preparatory to departing for home.

It was a severely cold January evening, years ago, in London.

The tones were loud, coarse and full of angry vehemence.

"If you please, sir," came the reply, in a childish treble, "I's no tef, for sure; I jest wants ter warm myself; I's awful cold. Won't yer let a feller stand by der fire a minute and warm hisself?"

"I'll warm you through and through, but in a style you won't fancy," answered the person addressed, with a sinister chuckle.

There was a sound of a commotion and the next minute a little street Arab was projected out of the doorway by a rough push and a kick from the heavy boots of the brutal janitor.

My blood rose with indignation as I witnessed this act of cruelty, and turning upon the fellow with a fierceness that cowed him utterly, I exclaimed: "You shall repent this outrage you cowardly wretch! I shall have you dismissed to-morrow morning."

"I was only a-doin' my duty sir," he replied, apologetically, "and I've caught that young scoundrel 'ere a dozen times to-day. I'm sure hit's for no good purpose he crawls into this office, and—"

"Oh, mister! what a whopper!" interrupted the lad, who had risen from the sidewalk, whence the force of the blow had felled him; "I never was in der house afore, and I never hooked nothin' in my life."

"Come here, my boy," I cried, "you look both cold and hungry; come into my office and warm yourself, and then I'll see ff we can't get something for you to eat."

The little fellow hesitated a moment, and eyed me suspiciously; then, evidently feeling assured by the gentleman in which I had spoken, and the kindly expression of my face, he followed me into the office and took a position near the fire.

Such an abject specimen of poverty as he presented, it has rarely been my misfortune to come in contact with. His tattered garments hung loosely about his emaciated form, and the many rents gave free access to the winter's wind. His feet were stockingless and poorly protected from the bitter cold by a pair of great broken boots that were probably discovered in some ash barrel.

A cap, torn and brimless, rested on an abundance of unkempt hair; giving him an air of saucy independence, greatly in contrast with him woeful appearance. His features were pinched and sunken; his cheekbones protruded prominently, and the hungry expression of his big, lustrous blue eyes touched my sympathetic heart to the quick. Fourteen years of cares and privations, seemingly, had passed over his head, and those years of constant misery had told wonderfully upon him.

I had ended my scrutiny of the lad, and was about to question him, when the office door opened and a gentleman entered.

"I wish to leave this package of stones in your keeping, Mr. H—, until to-morrow," he said, at the same time drawing a small bundle from his pocket and placing it on the desk before me. "They are diamonds," he continued, "of the first water, and I do not feel safe in having them in my possession. I have been to the safe deposit vaults, but they were closed; and the only alternative was to place them in the care of some one whose business is to look after valuables. Will you take charge of them?"

"My clerks have deposited all my goods in the vaults, and have gone home, otherwise I would be very happy to accommodate you," I replied.

"But can you not lock them in the safe?" suggested the gentleman, after a pause.

"The risk is not very great, to be sure, and if you will take the responsibility, you may leave them," I replied.

"Thank you, Mr. H—," rejoined

the gentleman, "you have taken a weight from my mind."

I gave him a receipt for the stones, and he went his way, saying: "I will call again to-morrow, good-night."

Examining the diamonds I found them to be of great value, and for a moment a feeling of self-complacency possessed me. I was gratified to find that my name was a guarantee of integrity, and as I placed the package in a secret drawer in the safe and locked the massive iron door, there was not an apprehensive thought in my mind.

Then I turned to resume my conversation with the lad, and as I did so, I caught a glimpse of a face, which I recognized as that of the surly and savage janitor, peering intently, and I fancied maliciously, at me through the office window. I hastened to open the door, but the man was gone.

"What is your name?" I asked of the boy, who had all this while been an attentive observer of what had passed.

"Jim!" was the nonchalant answer.

"But your other name?" I interrogated.

"Ain't got none, and never had," then, before I could utter another word, he went on in a rapid, energetic manner, "I belong ter nobody. I gets my living by selling papers and blacking boots. I sleeps in a house in Lunnun alley when I can pay for a bed, and when I can't I snoozes on der coal boxes or under door-steps. I looks arter nobody and nobody looks arter me, and dat's der whole truff."

"An interesting character, indeed," was my mental comment. Producing a crown I extended it to the lad and bade him hurry around the corner and get a supper, adding that he might return and stop at the office all night if he cared to do so.

A look of mingled amazement and doubt overspread his countenance; the tears glistened in his blue eyes, and with a voice choked by emotion he exclaimed:

"And yer mean dis crown all fer me?" and as I nodded and placed the money in his outstretched hand he continued, "I's—I's—very much 'bliged ter yer, sir; I's very much 'bliged, I is!"

He disappeared in a twinkling. In about an hour he returned. I made him as comfortable as I could on the lounge, which I had placed at the rear of the safe, and bidding him a cheery good-night, I locked the door and wended my way homeward.

In answer to my wife's questions as to what detained me I told her the story of the little Arab. She wound her arms around my neck and pressed her lips to mine in a loving kiss, showing her sympathy with what I had done for the little outcast.

I drew my little daughter to my side and bade her pray for the nameless orphan. Before I retired that night I had determined to take the boy into my service on the morrow, and endeavor to make a man of him.

At an hour earlier than usual the next morning, I arrived at my place of business in the Strand. To my surprise and consternation I found the office door unfastened and that my protege had disappeared.

There were valuable paintings on the walls, and bric-a-brac and costly ornaments scattered around, but none of them had been disturbed. What could have induced him to leave so abruptly? This question puzzled and vexed me.

The arrival of the clerks and an influx of business soon demanded my attention; but occasionally, when there was an interval of quiet, I found my thoughts recurring to the object of my solicitude with ever-increasing interest.

Noon came, and with it the gentleman who had left the diamonds with me the night before. He greeted me warmly, and placed the receipt I had given in my hand. I hastened to the safe at the rear of the office, unlocked and threw open the iron door, thrust my hand into an inner recess of the safe, and touched the spring communicating with the secret drawer. The drawer opened and the package

Bewildered and terror-stricken, I leaned against the door, and gasped out, "It's stolen!"

"Stolen? My God, I'm ruined!" despairingly exclaimed the depositor.

"Stolen! what's stolen?" from the clerks.

"I had invested all the money I had in the world in these diamonds, and was to sell them at an enormous profit to-morrow," said the owner in a dazed manner.

"Who could have stolen them?" was my mental query and like a flash came the answer in the memory of little Jim! And this was his return for my kindness! I had nursed a viper, only to be stung by it. What a fool I had been!

Recovering somewhat from the shock, I turned to the gentleman and asked him what the stones had cost him.

"Twenty-five thousand dollars," he said, dejectedly.

"One-half my fortune," I said slowly. "But rather than have this matter become public, I will give you that sum and take a receipt from you for the diamonds."

"You will?" eagerly exclaimed the gentleman, with a gleam of joy in his eyes; "you will do this?"

"Certainly, sir; on condition that you will not repeat the story of the robbery," I replied.

"You may depend upon my reticence in this affair, Mr. H—, and also be assured of my unbounded gratitude," responded the gentleman, earnestly.

I gave him my check for \$25,000, and with a profusion of thanks he took his leave, rejoicing.

As for me, it was a bitter thought, indeed, to acknowledge that I had been duped by a boy.

I took the chief of police into my confidence, and all the facts adduced only tended to strengthen the belief that the young ragamuffin was the guilty one.

Besides myself, only my chief clerk knew of the drawer. In him I had all confidence, and not for a moment did I suspect him of the robbery.

The boy had probably watched me closely when I deposited the package, and had by some means been able to open the safe and drawer and extract the treasure. This theory, coupled with the fact that the lock on the office door had been picked on the inside, strengthened the belief that our convictions were correct.

A large reward was offered for the apprehension of the youthful burglar. But every effort was fruitless, and at the end of a month I had resigned myself to the loss of the property, fully satisfied that I would never behold it again.

Six weeks had passed since the robbery. The March winds howled without as I reclined in an easy chair before the bright grate fire in my cozy reception room at home. My wife was by my side, and my little girl sat upon an ottoman at my feet, diligently studying her school lessons for the next day. The night, outside, was cold and cheerless, but within my heart and my home was glowing with warmth and love.

Suddenly the doorbell rang, and the servant announced a visitor. I told her to admit the person, who presently appeared. It was none other than the young scoundrel who had betrayed my trust.

Language fails to express my astonishment at the appearance of the lad. But ere I could recover sufficiently to say a word, he stepped to my side, placed a package, only too well remembered, in my lap, and in a low, impressive tone said:

"That's the bundle, sir, as was hooked from you dat night you was so kind to me. I was 'fraid you'd think I stole it; so as soon as I got a chance, I sloped wid der bundle, finds out where yer lived, and comes ter give yer back yer diamonds for being so good to a nobody like me."

Without saying a word, my wife, with her characteristic impulsiveness and warm-heartedness, took the little form, rags and all, in her arms and pressed a motherly kiss upon the trembling red lips. Instinctively I took up both the cold little hands in mine and looked into his upturned face, upon every lineament of which was stamped innocence and truth. I drew him to my side and listened to a story of thrilling interest; in which he cleared himself of the crime with which I had wrongfully accused him.

In substance, his story is as follows:

The clock in the tower of "Old St. Mary" had struck the hour of midnight. The boy had fallen into a fitful slumber from which he was awakened by the subdued sounds of voices. Trembling with fear, he lay silently on the lounge behind the safe. Suddenly a ray of light from somewhere above passed slowly and carefully around the room, resting for a moment on each object. As it traversed backward and forward over furniture and desks, the little wail's heart almost ceased beating, with the dread of discovery.

Presently the light vanished, leaving the office in total darkness. The low sound of voices soon broke the stillness. One of the voices he recognized as belonging to the janitor who had kicked him out of the hallway of the adjacent building.

"Everything is all right, my covies, the road is all clear. Let's do the job quick. This is the way I get satisfaction from a bloke as tries to throw an 'onest man out of work!'"

"An 'onest man!' That's a good one," commented a deep bass voice. Then there was the confused sound of steps, as though a number of persons were descending a ladder, the gentle closing of a window, and silence again reigned for a few moments.

Little Jim held his breath, while great beads of perspiration stood out on his brow. Would he be discovered? Perhaps they would kill him!

It was a moment of dread suspense.

The light again appeared and rested on the safe. The lantern was set on the floor and its rays directed to the keyhole, upon which the party immediately went to work.

In a few moments the iron door was opened. Then the janitor said something about the benefit he would derive from having watched the broker that night, and then drew out the package, exclaiming joyfully:

"Here's the beauties; now we'll go."

The safe was carefully closed and then the trio, after picking the lock of the door, passed out into the street.

Jim waited for a few moments, and then springing to his feet hastened after them. Reaching the sidewalk he was just in time to see a covered wagon turn the corner. He followed it as fast as he could keeping well in the shadow of the buildings and trees. After an hour of fast walking they stopped before a dilapidated old building on Devil's Hill, a neighborhood noted for its depths of darkness.

One man remained in the wagon and drove away; the other two entered an alleyway leading to a rear entrance of the house and for that purpose ensconced himself in a coal box on the opposite side of the street, where he remained until the morning.

The break of day found him begging for food at the door of the rookery he had held under such close surveillance during the night. A rather prepossessing-looking young woman, with just a trace of feminine compassion perceptible in her countenance, told him to come in, and placed a bowl of warm coffee and a small loaf before him.

Jim enjoyed his repast thoroughly; thanking her, he was about to depart, when a burly figure appeared in the doorway.

"Eh, feeding tramps again, Sal, are you?" Who have we here?" seizing Jim by the shoulders and turning him around.

"Only a poor little man as asked me for a piece of bread. I couldn't let 'im go away hungry, Tommy, she answered in tones indicative of fear.

"Who are you, and where do you live, youngster?" questioned Tom.

Jim replied with the same story he had told me the night before.

A new idea struck the thief, for such he was, and after a moment's consideration he thus gave expression to the thought:

"Say, Jim, would you like to work for me and stop at this sheebang?"

It was the very thing the lad most desired, but with seeming reluctance, to avoid suspicion, he answered in the affirmative.

"Very well, then, consider yourself engaged, young man," with a lofty swing of his arm and an air of condescension, "You will help Sal by

running errands and making yourself useful, and some day I may have something for you to do that will give you a lift in the world," added Tom, turning on his heel and leaving the room.

But to be brief. In his new position our hero, by his faithful performance of the duties assigned to him, made himself indispensable to Tom's wife, Sally, and also ingratiated himself into the favor and confidence of his employer. The latter's object in retaining him was only too obvious. Jim received innumerable lessons in picking handkerchiefs and coppers from Tom's pockets, and the adroitness and apparent willingness with which he accomplished these feats greatly pleased his instructor. It was not long before he became an adept in the art, and Tom was only awaiting a good opportunity to put his brilliant idea into practical use.

A cadaverous looking individual frequently called at the house, whom Jim remembered as one of the diamond robbers. On one occasion, while the lad appeared to be in a deep slumber under the table, he overheard a conversation between the fellow and Tom relating to the burglary. From this he learned the whereabouts of the jewels, and that the thieves intended to keep them concealed until the affair had "blown over," then to dispose of them in a distant town.

The boy awaited his time, and subsequently made excellent use of the information thus gained. The night succeeding that on which Jim came to my house had been selected as the occasion of the robbery of a wealthy citizen, and Jim was to be one of the gang. But while pretending to agree to the plan, the lad determined to take leave suddenly, as soon as possible, and formed a plan of his own which differed from the other. Fortune favored him in this respect. Tom, with his wife and associate, went to an east-side theatre on that evening, leaving the boy in charge of the house. As soon as he was alone and unobserved, our hero went upstairs to the thief's room, removed the lock with a screwdriver and entered. Drawing a large and heavy trunk from beneath the bed, he forced it open and soon found the stolen package of diamonds. He secured the precious bundle, carefully closed and returned the trunk to its former position, replaced the lock on the door, and then hastened to find me.

His story ended, I hurried with him to a magistrate, to whom the facts of the case were repeated. It had not occurred to me, because the circumstances all pointed to Jim as the culprit, that an entrance to my office might have been gained by way of the fanlight over the door, but now it was all clear. Every precaution was taken to effect the capture of the robbers. The arrest of the janitor (against whom I had not preferred my threatened complaint for cruelty to the boy) was effected that night as he lay in bed, while his associates were met at the door of their house on returning from the theatre and quietly taken to prison.

In due course of time they were tried and convicted, and sentenced to a long term of penal servitude.

\*\*\*\*\*  
Fifteen years have passed since I first saw Jim, and to-day, a retired merchant, in the midst of surroundings that bring vividly to mind that memorable event in my somewhat checkered career, I sit at my study table penning this sketch of the early life of a man whose intrinsic value all London now recognizes.

James H—, my adopted son, the former street gamin, whose gratitude to me had been manifested by an act of heroism worthy of the highest distinction, was given the education to which his position as a gentleman's son entitled him, and after my retirement from active commercial life he took charge of my business, which, by his energy and judgment, has assumed vast proportions.

To-night preparations for a festal occasion are going on around me, and to-morrow will be the wedding day of my darling child, and the young merchant, my adopted son, of whom I am truly proud, will be married. This done, the last desire of my heart will be gratified. And the tongue that uttered the first kind word to the homeless orphan shall bless this union of hearts and hands, and ask God's benison upon it forever.



## UNCLE SAM HAS SOME PENSIONERS

There is no country which carries so large a pension list in proportion to the size of its army as the United States. Then pension system was started early in the life of our nation and was enlarged tremendously by the Civil war and the late Spanish-American war.

In the year 1866, immediately following the close of the Civil war, the appropriation by congress for the payment of pensions amounted to a little more than \$15,000,000. In 1911, or forty-five years later, the amount paid out on account was \$157,325,160.35. Annual pension payments on account of the Civil war have increased tenfold fifty years after the war and continue on the ascending scale. Since the close of the war in 1865 pension payments on account of service in that war aggregate upward of \$4,000,000,000.

When pensions were first provided for in this country they were supposed to reach the real veterans who were disabled through wounds or disease. As years went by the resourcefulness of the pension list was increased to include the deserter, so long as he did not leave his command while in the presence of the enemy.

The short Spanish-American war swelled our pension list greatly. The report of the commissioner of pensions shows that between July, 1861, and June 13, 1900, invalid pensions were allowed under the general law to 556,255 volunteers, and under the act of June 27, 1890, to 451,531, a total of 1,007,786. During the period from July 1, 1861, to January 1, 1901, pensions were allowed to 30,266 regulars, including the wounded and invalided men of more than thirty years of almost constant Indian warfare.

To make the comparison intelligible, the total number of volunteers who enlisted in the Civil war, reduced to a basis of three years' service, is 2,324,516 men. The total number of men on the rolls of the regular army during the whole period from 1861 to 1901 is 577,000, including re-enlistments.

Up to June 30, 1900, 1,007,786 volunteers out of 2,324,516 were in receipt of pensions, while only 30,266 regulars out of 577,000 were recipients of such bounty. This shows that the regulars have been singularly free from pension seeking and the volunteers have not.

The increase of expense for short-term volunteers arises not only from pensions, but from waste and injury of public property. Washington observed such conditions at the very beginning of the Revolutionary war, when he wrote from Harlem Heights on September 24, 1776, the following:

"It becomes more evident to me that as this contest is not likely to be the work of a day, as the war must be carried on systematically, and to do it you must have good officers, there is no possible means to obtain them but by establishing your army upon a permanent footing and giving your officers good pay."

In spite of these words of George Washington the voluntary system with a small regular army has been up to the present the popular way of rallying an army in time of danger—the argument against compulsory service being that it put an unnecessary burden on the people and the government.

## A TRAVELER'S GUIDE TO THE PACIFIC COAST.

Attractive Guidebook Published by the Geological Survey.

Immediately after the publication of its northern Pacific guidebook (bulletin 611) the United States geological survey announces the issue of a guidebook covering the Shasta route and coast line, embracing the territory from Seattle to Los Angeles. Its title is "Guidebook of the Western United States, Part D, The Shasta Route and Coast Line" (bulletin 614), and it comprises 142 pages, 19 topographic maps, 33 reproduced photographs and 15 text figures. This book is written in the same popular vein as the other survey guidebooks, and as the country which it covers presents many notable scenic and geologic features and is pregnant with interesting history and tradition, the volume promises to be one of the most successful

of the series. Secretary Lane, himself a Californian, is especially hopeful that every one who traverses the Pacific coast will utilize and appreciate this guidebook and through it come to a fuller understanding not only of the vast resources of the Pacific coast region, but of its unrivaled scenic wonders. Turning the pages of this book, through which are liberally interspersed topographic maps and illustrations, the traveler finds interpreted for him in simple language, while the railroad train whirled him along, many things of interest that would otherwise be inexplicable.

To travel through our great west in company with a geologist gifted with the power of expression and explanation is a rare privilege. The pages of the geological survey's guidebooks offer an even more unusual privilege, for the information they contain is the product of many minds and comprises a vast amount of geologic, botanical and general information, given in a simple and interesting way. The guidebook maps show clearly the topographic features along the route, which include gigantic extinct volcanoes whose origin and early history are told in the accompanying pages. Bold cliffs that tower a thousand feet above the train may have been formed by the outpourings of these ancient volcanoes, which though blazing with fire millions of years ago are now capped with everlasting snow and ice. The broad valleys which here and there stretch before the traveler's eye and which are covered with thriving orchards and fields of grain may have been in times past arms of the sea.

One of the interesting side trips described in the guidebook is that to Lassen Peak. In one illustration in the guidebook this rejuvenated volcano is photographed in active eruption, and another view shows a party of visitors standing on the brink of the yawning, smoking crater recently formed.

It is not difficult to believe that the survey guidebooks will double the interest of the intelligent traveler in his trip.

The book is for sale by the superintendent of documents, Washington, D. C., at \$1 a copy.

## WANTED: FLOWER NAMES.

Professor Jepson Wants the People to Give Names to the Myriad Flowers of Our National Parks.

"We must have more common names, more folk names, for the multitude of flowering plants in our national parks," says Professor W. L. Jepson of the university of California. "By a folk name, I mean a name that has been given to the plant by the folk, by the people who have lived among the plants, and know them from their point of view. Of course, the botanist has named practically all of the plants in the parks. He has given them scientific names, but these very rarely make an appeal to the people at large. When you have folk names, then the interest in the flower fields will be very much greater. Take mountain misery, for example, which is found in the Yosemite Park and the Sequoia Park. That at once shows the flavor of the soil. There are many such names, but many more must be invented either by us or by the people who live in the mountains or live in the parks.

"I was coming down out of the mountains on a trip, and I had been studying what we botanists call 'Calandrinia caulescens var. menziesii,' and I met some children that had in their hands a bunch of the flowers. I stopped and asked the children what they called those flowers. After some little hesitation they said, 'Kisses.' I asked them why they called them kisses, and they either would not or could not tell. But as I went on I heard the elder child say, 'That is a botany man, and he is always asking why.'

"You can not always tell why. Sometimes you just do things. A mountain name, like mountain misery, at once makes a strong appeal to the people. Common names indicate the way in which the plants have affected the people who live there, whether they are conscious of that or not.

"Imagine the thoughts of a person going to the meadows and seeing the mountain grass filled with shooting stars. I have seen as many as half a million shooting stars in one Sierra meadow. Now, when that plant be-

comes known it will become as famous as the eidelweiss."

## NOAH IS GUILTY OF MAN'S FALL.

And so it was really Noah that first ate the forbidden fruit in the Garden of Eden! The grudge that the human race has held against Mother Eve all these thousands of years is proved groundless. The memory of poor old Father Adam is cleared. "In Noah's fall we sinned all," so the catechism of the future may run.

That is, if we accept the statement made by a University of Pennsylvania professor regarding the translation of an ancient brick tablet now in the university museum.

The tablet is said to be about 5000 years old, a thousand years or so older than the Book of Genesis, and therefore considered by profane historians as more authentic than that document. It is inscribed in the Sumerian language, which preceded the Assyrian and Babylonian tongues in the Tigris-Euphrates valley.

It seems that mankind lived in paradise for a very long period, over 400,000 years, ruled by ten kings whose reigns averaged about 40,000 years apiece. Finally the gods were displeased with the race, and sent the great flood—about 35,000 B. C., according to Babylonian and Sumerian accounts—in which all but Noah and his immediate relatives were destroyed.

Noah, Nuuh, as the Sumerians called him, was saved by a ship prepared for him by the goddess Nintu. After the flood she introduced her protegee to the god Enki, who prepared a new Eden for him and placed him in it as a gardener, telling him he might eat of any plant in the garden except the cassia. He succumbed to the temptation and ate of the bark of the cassia, whereupon the curse of sickness and early death fell upon him. He succumbed in a few decades, and all his posterity became subject to the same fate.

We always knew that Noah, though originally a "just man," was an old reprobate after the flood, but we never suspected him of anything so bad as this. Just to think that, but for Noah, we might all be eating the fruits and vegetables of Eden, and living 40,000 years!

## ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE WHY ORDER OF SALE OF REAL ESTATE SHOULD NOT BE MADE.

In the Superior Court in and for the County of San Mateo, State of California.

In the Matter of the Estate of Alma L. Wood, Deceased.—No. 1917.  
It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court from the verified petition of E. E. Cunningham, executor of the estate of Alma L. Wood, deceased, on file herein, that it is necessary, in order to pay the debts, expenses, and charges of administration of the estate of said deceased, which have already accrued, and which will or may accrue hereafter during the administration of said estate, to sell the whole of the real estate of said deceased;

It is ordered by the Court that all persons interested in the estate of said Alma L. Wood, deceased, appear before said Superior Court of the County of San Mateo, State of California, at the Court-room thereof, in said County and State, on the 23d day of September, 1915, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, then and there to show cause, if any they have, why an order, as prayed for in the petition should not be granted to the said executor to sell the real estate of said deceased, at either public or private sale for the purposes mentioned in the petition, as he shall judge to be for the best interests of said estate and of the parties interested therein.

It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published at least once a week for four (4) successive weeks, in "The Enterprise," a newspaper printed and published in said County.

Dated this 20th day of August, 1915.  
GEO. H. BUCK,  
8-21-5t Judge of said Superior Court.

## NOTICE OF THE INTENTION OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO TO TAKE ACTION TO BECOME A PART OF THE COUNTY FREE LIBRARY SYSTEM OF THE COUNTY OF SAN MATEO.

Notice is hereby given that on the 23rd day of August, 1915, pursuant to the provisions of an act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An act to provide for the establishment and maintenance of County Free Libraries in the State of California, and repealing an act entitled 'An act to provide county library systems,' approved April 12th, 1909, and all acts and parts of acts in conflict with this act," approved February 25th, 1911, the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco passed a resolution declaring its intention that said City of South San Francisco become a part of the County Free Library System of the County of San Mateo;

Notice is further given that on Saturday, the 4th day of September, 1915, at the hour of one o'clock p. m., at the council chamber of said Board of Trustees, at No. 310 Linden Avenue in said City of South San Francisco, at which time and place said Board of Trustees will meet in open session, said Board of Trustees will take action to enable said City of South San Francisco to become a part of the County Free Library System of the County of San Mateo.

Reference is hereby made to said Resolution of Intention.

By order of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco.  
Dated August 23, 1915.  
WILLIAM J. SMITH,  
8-28-2t City Clerk.

## NOTICE INVITING SEALED PROPOSALS OR BIDS FOR STREET IMPROVEMENT WORK IN THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco until eight o'clock p. m. on Tuesday, the 7th day of September, 1915, for doing the following work in the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California:

Grading to official grade that portion of Grand Avenue from the median line of Ashton Street to the easterly line of the land of Guiseppe Ucelli and that portion of Grand Avenue from the westerly line of the lands of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company to the northeasterly line of the Mission Road for the full width thereof.

The construction of an asphaltic concrete surface two (2) inches in thickness upon a concrete foundation five (5) inches in thickness in those portions of Grand Avenue which are described as follows, to-wit:

That portion of Grand Avenue from the median line of Ashton Street to the easterly boundary line of the land of Guiseppe Ucelli and included between a line Twenty-five and five tenths (25.5) feet southerly from the northerly line of said Grand Avenue, and parallel thereto, and a line thirty-five and five tenths (35.5) feet southerly from the northerly line of said Grand Avenue, and parallel thereto, and a line thirty-five and five tenths (35.5) feet southerly from the northerly line of the lands of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company to the northeasterly line of the Mission Road and included between a line Twenty-five and five tenths (25.5) feet southerly from the northerly line of said Grand Avenue and parallel thereto and a line thirty-five and five tenths (35.5) feet southerly from the northerly line of said Grand Avenue and parallel thereto, and that portion of Grand Avenue from the westerly boundary line of the lands of the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company to the northeasterly boundary line of the Mission Road, and included between a line Twenty-five and five tenths (25.5) feet southerly from the southerly line of said Grand Avenue, and parallel thereto, and a line thirty-five and five tenths (35.5) feet southerly from said southerly line of Grand Avenue, and parallel thereto; and the construction of corrugated iron culverts of the character and dimensions and at the places shown upon the plan hereafter mentioned.

All material and all work must be in strict compliance with the requirements of the plans and specifications adopted by said Board of Trustees on the 16th day of August, 1915, and now on file in the office of the City Clerk. The successful bidder shall within ten days after the award enter into a contract with the City of South San Francisco for the faithful performance of the work to be done under said award.

All proposals must be accompanied with a certified check upon a solvent bank of the State of California, payable to the City of South San Francisco, in an amount not less than ten (10) per cent of the aggregate of the bid, upon the condition that if the proposal be accepted and the contract awarded and if the bidder shall fail and neglect to execute the contract and give the bonds required, the sum mentioned in said check shall be liquidated damages for such failure and neglect and shall be forfeited to and paid into the Treasury of the City of South San Francisco.

Bidders shall give the unit prices for each and all the items of work provided for in the specifications. The bidder to whom is awarded a contract will be required to execute a policy of fire insurance covering the value of his work in an amount equal to twenty-five (25) per cent of the amount of his undertaking, with at least two (2) responsible sureties in the full amount of the bid each, and also be required, before entering upon the work, to furnish a good and sufficient bond as required by an act of the Legislature of the State of California, approved March 27th, 1897, entitled "An act to secure the claims of material-men, mechanics, or laborers employed by contractors upon State, Municipal or other public work"; and will also be required to exhibit to said Board of Trustees a policy of fire insurance showing that said bidder is insured against loss through accident or negligence, in such a way as to fully and satisfactorily protect said City of South San Francisco, under the provisions of the Workmen's Compensation, Insurance and Safety Act of the State of California.

The contract must be entered into in compliance with and subject to the conditions imposed by section 653c of the Penal Code of the State of California.

Sealed proposals or bids will be delivered to the City Clerk on or before eight o'clock p. m. of Tuesday, September 7th, 1915.

All sealed proposals or bids will be opened by said Board of Trustees in public session on Tuesday, September 7th, 1915, at eight o'clock p. m. in the council chamber of said board.

The Board of Trustees hereby reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco, dated August 16, 1915.

WILLIAM J. SMITH,  
8-21-3t City Clerk.

## NOTICE OF COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL PROPERTY ON FORECLOSURE.

In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo.

Bank of Italy, a corporation, Plaintiff, vs. George H. S. Haly, Eleanor L. Haly, his wife, Howard Company, a corporation, the Bank of Commerce of Oakland, a corporation, First Doe, Second Doe, Third Doe, Fourth Doe, Fifth Doe, Sixth Doe, Seventh Doe, Eighth Doe, Ninth Doe and Tenth Doe, Defendants.—No. 5550.

Under and by virtue of an order of sale and decree of foreclosure issued out of the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of San Mateo, on the 6th day of August, 1915, and entered therein and issued out of the above entitled court and matter to the undersigned the commissioner therein appointed wherein Bank of Italy (a corporation) the above named plaintiff obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure against the defendants George H. S. Haly, Eleanor L. Haly, his wife, Howard Company, a corporation, the Bank of Commerce of Oakland, a corporation, for the full sum of Two hundred seven hundred and five and 51/100 (\$207.51) dollars for principal and interest, ten (10) dollars for costs of continuing abstract of title, Two hundred (200) dollars for attorney's fees, and seventeen (17) dollars for costs and disbursements, together with interest thereon at the rate of seven (7) per cent per annum from the date of said decree and for accruing costs, and said decree of foreclosure and

order of sale having been on the 16th day of August, 1915, duly recorded in Book 2 of Judgments of said court at page 253 thereof, I am directed to sell all those certain lots, pieces or parcels of land situate, lying and being in the County of San Mateo, State of California, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered twenty-one (21), twenty-two (22), twenty-three (23), twenty-four (24), twenty-five (25), twenty-six (26), twenty-seven (27), twenty-eight (28), twenty-nine (29), thirty (30), thirty-one (31), thirty-two (32), thirty-three (33), thirty-four (34), thirty-five (35), thirty-six (36), thirty-seven (37), thirty-eight (38), thirty-nine (39), and forty (40), in Block lettered "A" and also lots numbered one (1), seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11), twelve (12), thirteen (13), fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), and twenty (20) in Block lettered "D" of Millbrae Park, according to and as the said lots and said blocks are shown, designated and delineated upon that certain map entitled "Map of Millbrae Park," which said map was filed for record and recorded in the office of the County Recorder of the County of San Mateo, State of California, on the 5th day of February, 1906, and is of record therein in Book 4 of Maps at page 7, to which said map and the said record thereof reference is hereby specially made for a more full and particular description of said lots, and the same incorporated herewith and made part hereof for greater certainty.

Public notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 13th day of September, 1915, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the front door of the County Court House of said County of San Mateo, in the town of Redwood City in said County of San Mateo, I will in obedience to said order of sale and decree of foreclosure and sale, sell the above described real property or as much thereof as may be necessary to raise sufficient money to satisfy the judgment with interest and costs, and expenses of sale, to the highest bidder for cash in gold coin of the United States of America.

Dated at said town of Redwood City, on the 16th day of August, 1915.

M. SHEEHAN,  
Commissioner appointed by said Court in the above entitled action.  
Kirkbride & Gordon, Attorneys for plaintiff.  
8-21-4t

## NOTICE INVITING SEALED PROPOSALS OR BIDS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF AN APPROACH, STEPS, SIDEWALKS AND RETAINING WALL IN THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco until eight o'clock p. m. on Monday, the 13th day of September, 1915, for doing the following work in the City of South San Francisco, County of San Mateo, State of California:

The construction of a concrete approach, concrete steps and concrete sidewalks, and a concrete retaining wall at and about the public library building and at the places and locations shown for said work upon the plans herein-after mentioned.

All material for all work must be in strict compliance with the requirements of the plans and specifications adopted by said Board of Trustees on the 23rd day of August, 1915, and now on file in the office of the City Clerk. The successful bidder shall within ten days after the award enter into a contract with the City of South San Francisco for the faithful performance of the work to be done under said award.

All proposals must be accompanied with a certified check upon a solvent bank of the State of California, payable to the City of South San Francisco, in an amount not less than ten (10) per cent of the aggregate of the bid upon the condition that if the proposal be accepted and the contract awarded and if the bidder shall fail and neglect to execute the contract and give the bonds required, the sum mentioned in said check shall be liquidated damages for such failure and neglect and shall be forfeited to and paid into the Treasury of the City of South San Francisco.

Bidders shall give the unit prices for each and all the items of work provided for in the specifications.

The bidder to whom is awarded a contract will be required to execute a policy of fire insurance covering the value of his work in an amount equal to twenty-five (25) per cent of the amount of his undertaking, with at least two responsible sureties in the full amount of the bid each, and will be required, before entering upon the work, to furnish a good and sufficient bond as required by an act of the Legislature of the State of California, approved March 27th, 1897, entitled "An act to secure the claims of material-men, mechanics, or laborers employed by contractors upon State, Municipal or other public work"; and will also be required to exhibit to said Board of Trustees a policy of insurance showing that said bidder is insured against loss through accident or negligence in such a way as to fully and satisfactorily protect said City of South San Francisco, under the provisions of the Workmen's Compensation, Insurance and Safety Acts of the State of California.

The contract must be entered into in compliance with and subject to the conditions imposed by section 653c of the Penal Code of the State of California.

Sealed proposals or bids will be delivered to the City Clerk on or before eight o'clock p. m. of Monday, September 13, 1915.

All sealed proposals or bids will be opened by said Board of Trustees in public session on Monday, September 13, 1915, at eight o'clock p. m. in the council chamber of said board.

The Board of Trustees hereby reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

By order of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco.

Dated August 23, 1915.

WILLIAM J. SMITH,  
8-28-3t City Clerk.

## PATENTS

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## Vivian Martin in "Little Miss Brown"



Philip Bartholomae's successful comedy, Vivian Martin in "Little Miss Brown," has been converted into a photoplay by the William A. Brady Picture Play Company, and it will be released by the World film corporation. Vivian Martin, the winsome heroine of "The Wishing Ring," "Old Dutch" and "The Arrival of Perpetua," is the Betty Brown of this comedy, which was produced by James Young.

Betty—sweet and pretty to look at—is an egregious coquette and flirt. She fools with a pair of lovers, and as the result of her indecision she lands herself in a pretty mess at a Hartford hotel, where she is cajoled into passing herself off as the wife of a man, whose real wife is on her way to meet him.

Betty just butts into a sea of trouble, for the man and his wife are to receive some money from the for-

mer's uncle on condition that the wife meets with his approval.

The general mix-up at the hotel caused by the meeting there of all these opposing interests is the cause of a great deal of fun and confusion, the central figure of which is always Betty Brown, otherwise Miss Vivian Martin.

There is a wonderful supporting cast for the vivacious star, Chester Barnett, W. J. Ferguson, Julia Stuart, Crawford Ketrn and John Hines being among those who keep the fun going all through this highly diverting comedy.

Charles Dickson, who wrote "Incog" and other famous farces, appears in the film play. The comedy scenes between him and Vivian Martin in and around a bedroom are irresistibly funny.

Vivian Martin in "Little Miss Brown" will be shown at the Royal Theatre on Sunday, September 5th.

## AUTO RACES ON SUNDAY AND MONDAY AT TANFORAN

The automobile race meet which will be held on Sunday and Monday at Tanforan race track is expected to demonstrate its possibilities as a speed course and show how fast the various drivers can cover the mile of dirt track. With a full list of entries for both the fifty-mile race on Sunday and the 100-mile race on Monday there should be plenty of thrilling driving to satisfy the most hardened motor car racing fan.

The amount of speed that it is possible to get out of a car with safety on a circular tracks depends a great deal upon the driver of the car and the condition of the track, and as Tanforan track has been overhauled specially for these races and some of California's fastest drivers will compete it looks as if two days of good sport are assured.

One feature of the program of the meet which is attracting considerable attention is the two races which will be staged between Wiegand's huge monoplane and an automobile. On both Sunday and Monday Wiegand will race against one of the speediest motor cars on the track and a novel and exciting contest should be the result.

The races will be called at 2 o'clock sharp by C. E. Cheffins, official representative of the American Automobile Association, and from then on the program will be followed out as scheduled.

With San Francisco's large motoring population as well as the adjacent territory to draw from, officials of the world's classic auto races expect to see a large and representative crowd at Tanforan race track on the two days of the meet.—Chronicle.

Mrs. H. Abeling, nurse. Terms reasonable. Apply 731 Maple avenue. Adv.

## LAND CASE DECIDED IN FAVOR OF HUGH McLOUGHLIN

The decision rendered Thursday in San Francisco by Senator J. B. Sanford, register of the United States land office, will affect approximately 5000 claimants of public lands in California. Hugh McLoughlin of San Mateo, and property owner in this city, was a principal in the proceedings. The case was known as the Pollock-McLoughlin case, and the decision decides "constructive residence" and good faith in land entries. McLoughlin's land, which was involved in these proceedings, is near Cloverdale.

Registrar Sanford held that McLoughlin had acted in good faith and should be given further opportunity to make good with Uncle Sam.

McLoughlin entered the land in April, 1914, began the erection of a house in August of the same year, but on account of heavy rains was unable to remain on the property during the winter and conform to other regulations concerning the claiming of public land.

When McLoughlin returned in the spring of 1915, Pollock put in a claim for the land and filed a contest in the land office.

At the hearing before Registrar Sanford, McLoughlin introduced contracts in evidence, showing he had contracted for the building of a fence, the planting of trees, and planned to conform to other government regulations, but on account of the inaccessibility of the claim during the winter was unable to carry out the plans.

It was brought out at the hearing that Pollock had only been on the property once.

Voice—Is this the weather bureau? How about a shower to-night? Prophet—Don't ask me. If you need one, take it.

Room and board in private family, reasonable rates. Close to highway. Best train, car and motor bus service. Mrs. Fraser, R. F. D. 1, Box 109, Lomita Park. Adv.

## TO MAKE YOU SMILE.

All the work was mapped out for the new charwoman, but about the appointed time she arrived in tears.

"My poor husband was shot in the battle," she said, "and 'e's passed away."

The employer was all sympathy, gave the widow the half-crown she ought to have earned, and did the necessary work herself.

The next day she met the neighbor who recommended the woman, and said:

"You've heard, I suppose, about Mrs. W.'s husband being killed?"

"Yes," said her friend. "But she ought to have got over it by now. It was in the Boer war."—Tit-Bits.

One day last week while J. M. Oliver was out in his automobile he discovered that he needed some lubricating oil for his engine. He drove up to a farm house where a small boy was playing.

"Son," he called, "run in and ask your mother if she has any lubricating oil—or castor oil will do, if she has that."

Soon the boy returned and said: "Ma ain't got no castor oil or nothin', but she said if you would wait a few minutes she would fix you up a dose of salts."—Clay County (Ark.) Courier.

"And what did my little son learn about this morning?"

"Oh, a mouse. Miss Wilcox told us all about mice."

"That's the boy! Now, how do you spell 'mouse'?"

It was then that Arthur gave promise of being an artful dodger. He paused meditatively for a moment, then said:

"Father, I guess I was wrong. It wasn't a mouse teacher was telling us about. It was a rat."—Harper's Magazine.

"What did you do with that letter that was on my table?" asked a man of the colored boy who dusts the office.

"I tuck it to the postoffice, sah, and put it in de hole."

"What did you do that for? Didn't you see there was no address on the envelope?"

"I saw dere was no writing on develop, but I lowed yer did dat on purpose so's I couldn't tell who yer was writin' to."

Three-year-old David had been unusually unruly. He had received reprimands, threats and, finally, mild corporal punishment from his father. With wounded dignity David mounted the stairs to his mother's room.

"Mother!" he said, in a voice of exasperation, "I can't stand that husband of yours much longer."

"This is a first-class polo pony," said the dealer.

"You think he really understands the fine points of the game?" asked the diffident man.

"As well as you do."

"Then I won't buy him. To compel him to share the responsibility for the way I play it would be cruelty to animals."

Eph Stebbins became intoxicated Saturday evening and tried to drive his yoke of steers into the postoffice, but failed on account of the door being too narrow. There have been many other complaints recently on account of the narrowness of the door at the postoffice.—Hamburg (Pa.) Item.

The prisoner threw the magazines across his cell in disgust, and cursed eloquently. "Nothin' but continued stories," he growled, "an' I'm to be hung next Tuesday."—Chicago Herald.

Knicker—The optimist sees the doughnut.

Bocker—And the pessimist sees the doctor.—New York Sun.

The lady who thinks the atrocities of war are just too horrible for anything will soon go away for the summer and leave the cat with a jar of condensed milk and no can-opener.—Washington Times.

Jones—I don't see your husband at the club of late, Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. Brown—No; he stays at home now and enjoys life in his own way as I want him to.—Houston Chronicle.

# PUT AN END TO WASTE

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## Read the Home Paper

### NASH URGES BETTER INTERURBAN SERVICE

A letter has been received by the supervisors of San Francisco from Joseph H. Nash, county clerk of San Mateo county, asking that the United Railroads be compelled to give better service between San Francisco and the Peninsula towns. Nash says that the present service is used as a local service within the limits of San Francisco and that it inconveniences the suburban passenger. He pointed out that the local service allowed in San Francisco on these suburban cars causes a great deal of congestion and that the crowded cars are unpleasant. The public utilities committee of the supervisors will take up the question raised by Nash.—San Mateo News.

During the Dayton flood a good old "lady of color" was rescued with two white women from the deep water and put on the roof of a barn for safety. After the boatman had rowed away the white women both offered prayers for their further safety, but the colored woman sat by in stolid silence. One of the white women, turning to her, said: "Pray, woman, help, do something to help."

The old woman clasped her hands, knelt on the roof, rolled her eyes upward and said: "Dear Lawd, yo' once promised us long time ago dat dey nevah woul be no mo' floods. Now, Lawd, what does dis yar mean?"

Silk stockings are expensive and The cost makes many sigh. But silk socks are much lower for They do not come so high.

### SAN BRUNO REAL ESTATE.

For Sale—Modern four-room cottage, two lots, \$150 down, balance \$10 month, no interest; also good business property, store and living rooms, on San Mateo avenue, \$300 down, balance \$10 month. See L. M. Pfluger. Take San Mateo car and get off at San Bruno crossing. Adv.

### ANCIENT HUMAN SKULL.

Of interest in connection with the Tertiary gold-bearing river gravels of California is the story of the Calaveras skull. For a time this skull attracted much attention not only from people in California, but from scientific men the world over. It was reported to have been found in 1886, near the town of Angels, Calaveras county, at a depth of 130 feet, in Tertiary gravels underlying Tertiary lava. The finding of a human skull embedded in such deposits was for a time believed to indicate that man had been in existence in North America longer than had been supposed. Strange to say the skull is of a higher type than skulls which, although known to antedate historic times, are known also to be much younger than the Tertiary. Although Professor J. D. Whitney, then state geologist, accepted the skull as a bit of genuine scientific evidence, it is generally believed by students of the antiquity of man that the Calaveras skull, while undoubtedly old, probably did not come from the auriferous gravels at all. (Overland Guidebook, Bulletin 612, U. S. Geological Survey.)

The employer of a Polish girl who has learned quickly to speak English tells of her attempted mastery of the telephone. After its use was explained to her she was eager to answer every call. A ring came and she jumped to the telephone.

"Hello," came from the receiver. "Hello," answered the girl, flushed with pride at being able to give the proper answer.

"Who is this?" continued the voice. "I don't know," exclaimed the maid. "I can't see you."

Gardening—The undersigned does all kinds of gardening, pruning and grafting in a first-class manner. Leave orders with P. Ruize, at Baden Cash Store. David Corscatt. 2-8m. Adv.